

Animal Health through Nutrition ?



Sintofarm has developed a premix, using a combination of ingredients unique not only in Europe, most probably worldwide!



Sintacidomix

Premix

**to be used in Feed for
Poultry , Swine , Calves**



Sintacidomix

A well balanced mixture of Chestnut Tannin (*Castanea sativa*) and organic acids, to make use of the nutritional benefits of both of them.

(Synergistic effect)



Chestnut Tannin or Acids are in use for several years, mainly in feed for piglets / swine / ruminant/ rabbits, etc., more recently in poultry.



Chestnut Tannin and Acids (acidifiers) are feed additives which can (do already) replace antibiotic growth promoter.

More specific: Because serological and clinical observations are obvious, Chestnut Tannin used alone or in combination with mainly organic acids play a more and more important role in the **prevention of Enteritis** (e.g. known as Wet Litter in Poultry), **reduction of Salmonella and Campylobacter shedding, E. coli** etc.)

In spite of that, it is still difficult to find publications reporting about the economical effect of Chestnut Tannin, but it is almost impossible to find results about using it in combination with acids!



There are differences between Poultry and Swine regarding **dosages** used in feed, **duration of application** etc.

Structure of intestine tract between animals is different.

For example:

Length of the digestive section compared to length of diff. bodies:

Broiler Chicken only 6 times, Pigs 15 times, Sheep 28 times.

pH values: e.g. Broiler Chicken: Crop, Proventriculus 4.4, Gizzard 2.6, Small Intestine, Caeca, Colon: 5.7- 6.5.

Time feed is passing through the intestine tract is different.



Mode of Action

Chestnut Tannin

+

Acids

- + Does form a **layer of insoluble denaturated protein** on the surface of the intestine mucouse.
- + **Thickness of layer** depends on the dosage of administered Chestnut Tannin.
- + Keeping the **mucous membran clean** does
 - > support **activity of antioxidative enzymes**
 - > **prevents from colonization of harmful bacteria** on the mucouse membran.
- + **Also acts on the cell membran of harmful bacteria** forming a thin layer of insoluble denaturated protein reducing the metabolism preventing from production of toxins.

- + **Reduction of pH value does influence protein break down** (indigested protein transported to the duodenum leads to rottenness and faulty fermentation which is a culture medium for harmful bacteria).
- + **Non-dissociated organic acids can penetrate the cell wall of certain types of bacteria** disrupting the normal pysiology, dissociating in the cell releasing Hydrogen (H+) and Anion (A*).
- + **pH value in cell does decrease** but cell will try to bring the pH inside the bacteria to it`s normal level. **Energy is needed** which eventually can **stop the growth of bacteria ore even can kill it.**
- + **Accumulation of Anions (A*)** becoms toxic to the bacteria leading to **osmotic problems** for the bacteria.

ADDITIVE EFFECT

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Composition of Sintacidomix?

It contains

Chestnut Tannin

40 %



SINTOFARM



?

plus



SINTOFARM

Chestnut Tannin 40 %



Fumaric acid - E- 236

Lactic acid - E 270

50%

Citric acid - E 296

Calciumformiate E -238

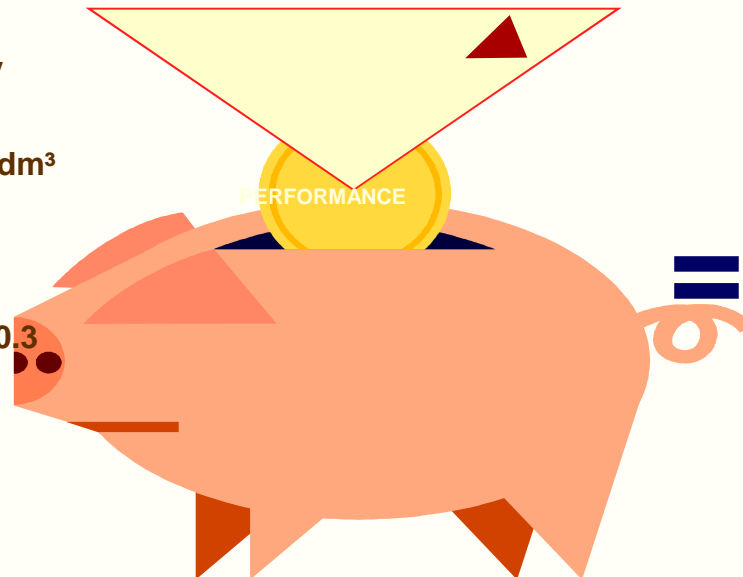
Brown granula Moderately sour

Bulk density: 650 +- 50g/dm³

Soluble in hot water

Particle size: 0.2 -1.0 mm

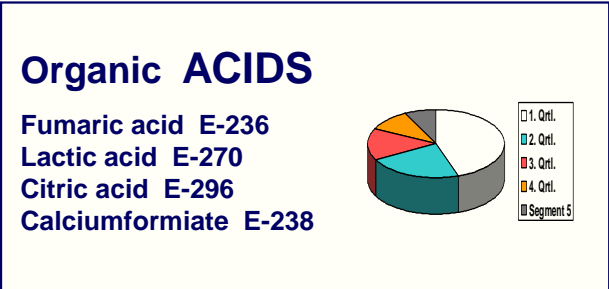
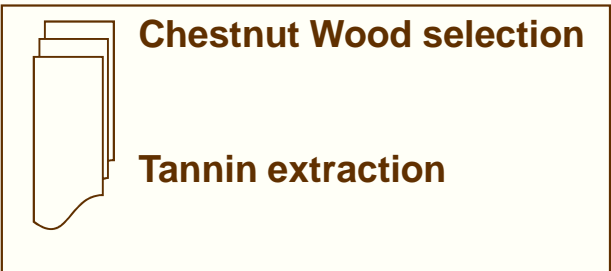
pH in 5% solution: 2.7 +-0.3



= Sintacidomix



Production of Sintacidomix



Standardization (75 % A.I.)

In line to formula preparation of a premix

In line to formula calculating 40 % a.i. Chestnut Tannin

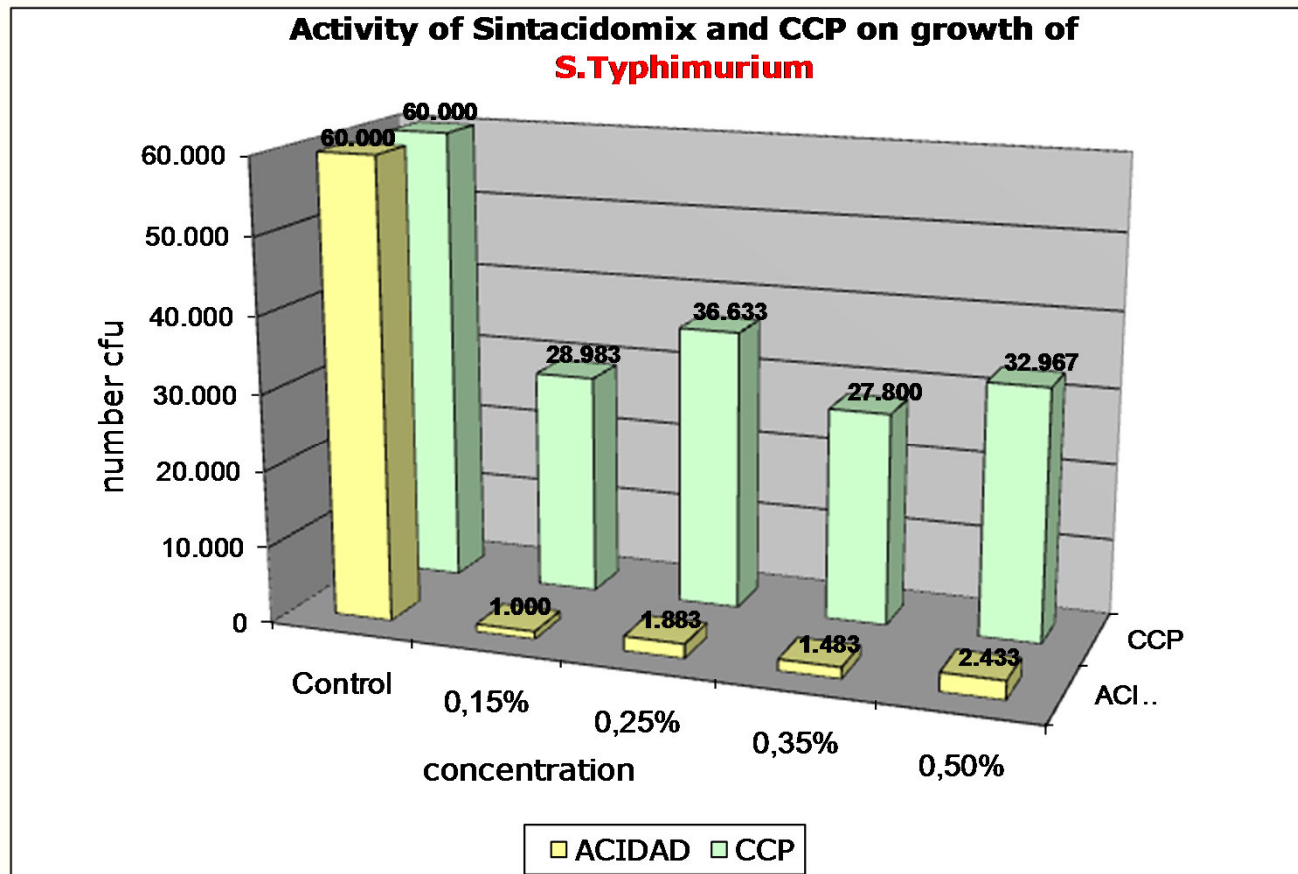
Mixture of standardized Chestnut Tannin and Acids

Each particle contains the same amount of active substances

GRANULATION

Excellent mixability (free of dust), Granulation, a good protection for other more sensitive ingredients (e.g. vitamins) in concentrates, low concentrated premixes, or feed

Sintacidomix: Microbial Activity

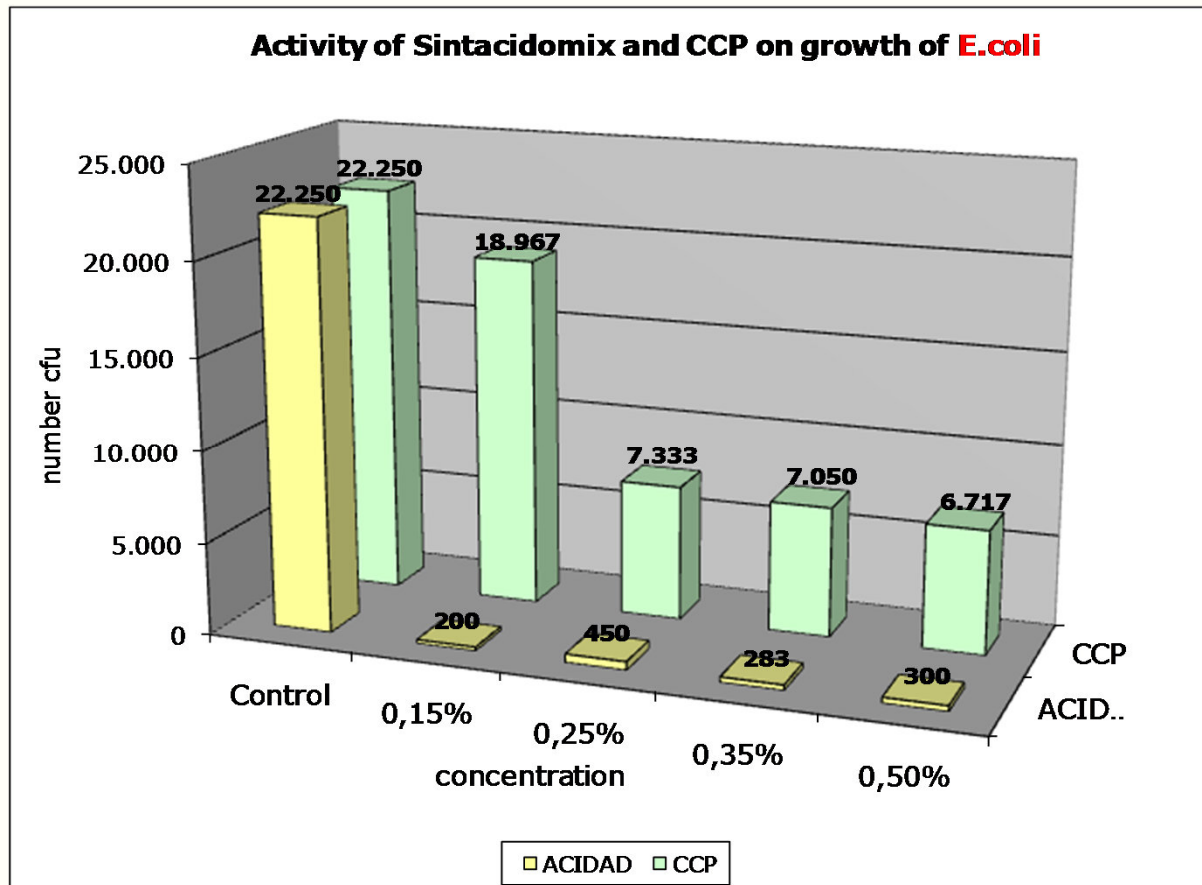


+ Veterinary Faculty, University of Ljubljana,
PhD. Vojka Bole Hribovšek, MSc. Jasna Mićunović,

CCP-comparable commercial product



Sintacidomix: Microbial Activity

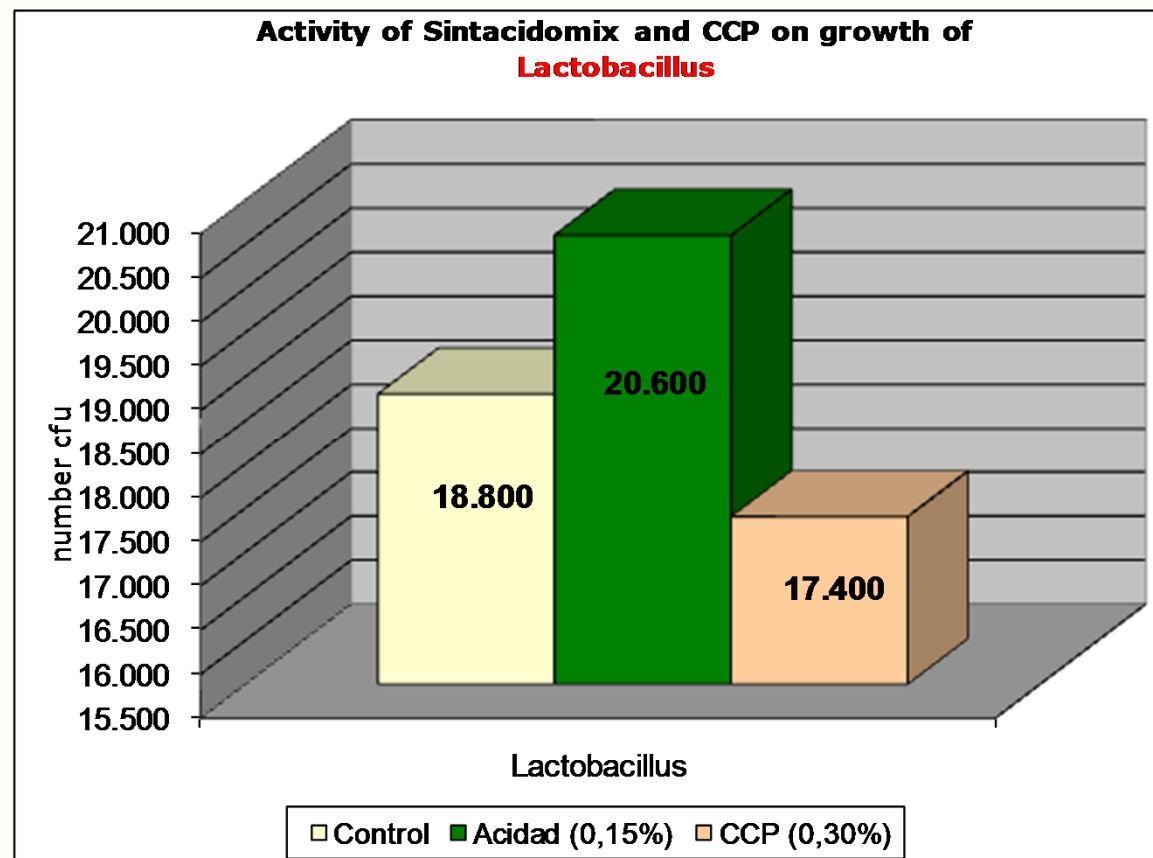


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Sintacidomix: Microbial Activity



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Overall Benefit!

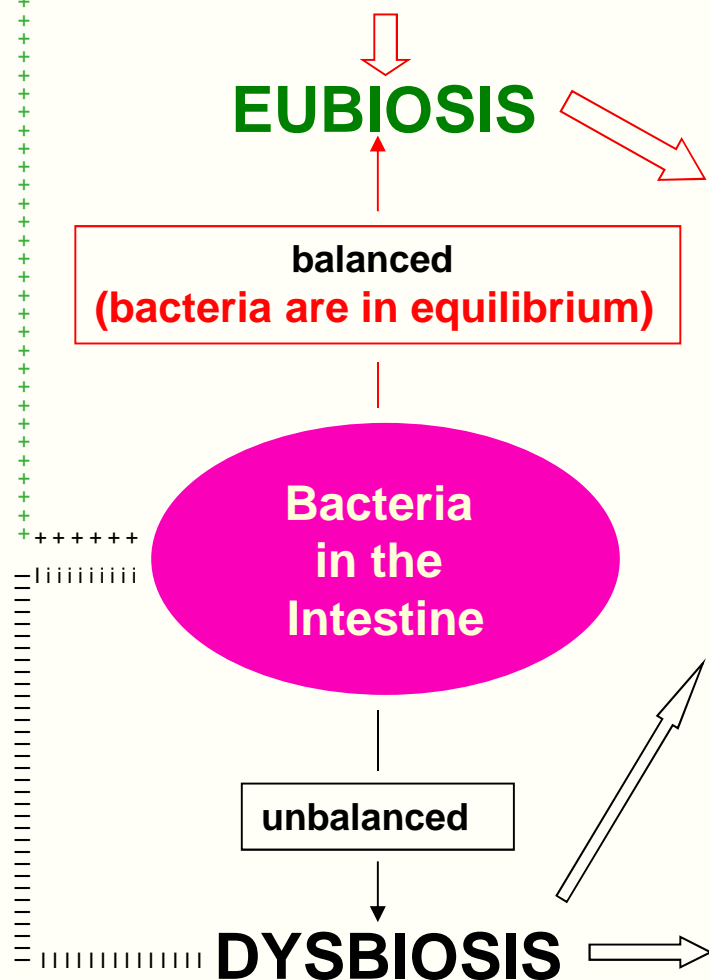
Sintacidomix

does support

EUBIOSIS!

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Chestnut Tannin and Acids

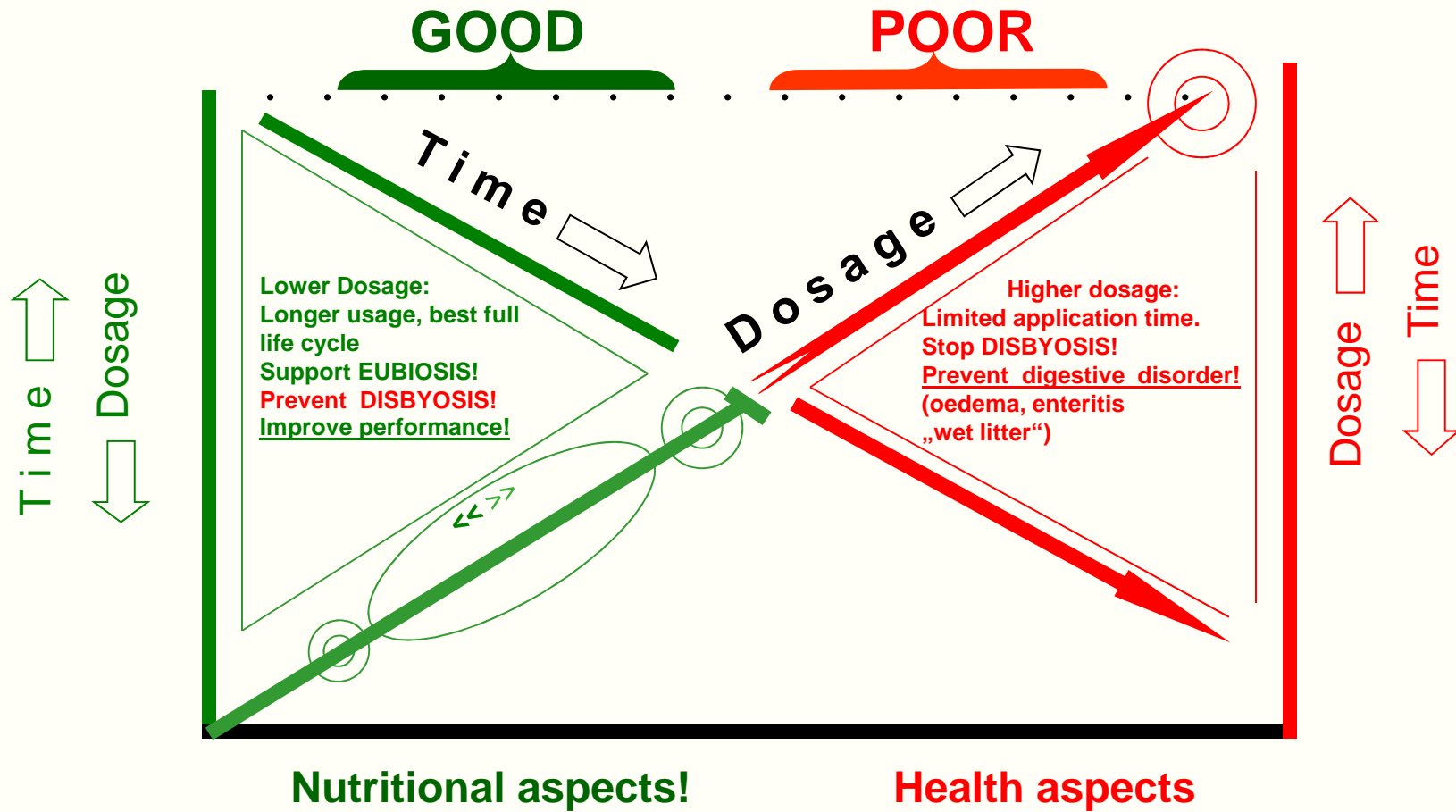


- Support of Digestion
- Does prevent settlement of bacteria causing diseases
- Synthesis of vitamins
- Stimulation of the immunity system

- 👉 Functional disorder
- 👉 Reduction of performance in terms of growth, FCR, mortality etc.
- 👉 Reduced immunity
- 👉 Increased susceptibility for catching diseases
(„wet litter“ > increased ammonia > CRD
mycoplasmosis, breast blisters - downgraded birds etc)
- 👉 Illnesses caused by bacterial infections and / or toxins

Chestnut Tannin Extract & Acidifiers

Key QUESTION is? What are the **Health - hygienic (stress) condition?**



Sintacidomix

Dosage Recommendation

Broiler Chicken	Starter	Grower	Finisher
Complete Feed	1,0 - 2,0 kg /ton (2.0 kg)	0,5 - 1,5 kg /ton (1.0 kg)	0,5 - 1,0 kg /ton (1.0 kg)

Pigles / Pigs	Pre-Starter Starter	Grower	Fattening
Complete Feed	2.5 - 3.5 kg/ton (3.0 kg)	1.5 - 2.5 kg/ton (2.0 kg)	1.0 - 1.5 kg/ton (1.0 kg)



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**Trial Results with
Sintacidomix**

BROILER CHICKEN



Effect of Sintacidomix on some performance data in growing Broiler Chicken

F. Husveth et al. - University of Pannonia
Department of Animal Science and Animal Husbandry
Keszthely Hungary, (2008)



Effect of Sintacidomix on some performance data in growing Broiler Chicken

Producer of Sintacidomix: Company Sintofarm

Objective: Test the efficacy of the combination SCT combined with acidifiers using the integrity of a Research Institute but to find a way to grow up broiler chicken trying to simulate field condition.

In order to simulate a kind of stress situation a mixture of litter with faeces was collected from a commercial broiler farm with permanent „wet litter“ problems (according to farm vet. mainly clostridia perfringens, but mixed infection). The sample was liquefied, filtered and then sprayed on chopped wheat straw in the pens of the Sintacidomix group (3 litre per pen).

Animals: 160 one day old chicken (Cobb 500, sex 1:1), from a local hatchery randomized allocated in 8 floor pens (20 birds per pen), Chicken were vaccinated against NDV (Pesti vitapest) and IBD (Cevac Bron). 4 pens x 20 chicken per trial group.

Feed: Starter Feed: Day 0-14 (c.p. 21%, AMEn, MJ/kg 12.50), Grower Feed: Day 15-35 (c.p.19%, AMEn, MJ/kg 12.90) Finisher Feed: Day 36-42 (c.p.18%, AMEn MJ/kg 13.29). As anticoccidial Clinacox was used (up to day 35). The diets were calculated according to nutrient requirements recommended by „Cobb 500 Broiler Management Manual (2007)“. Results of analysed feed of the 2 groups met all criteria.

Trial Groups: + **Negative Control (NOT STRESSED!)**
 + **1000 G / ton of Feed Sintacidomix (STRESSED!)**

Parameter and observations: Body weight, Feed consumption, FCR, Overall health status, mortality, Culling, Moisture content in litter, Cleanliness of plumage (mainly breast and cloaca),

Statistical evaluation



Effect of Sintacidomix on some performance data in growing Broiler Chicken

TRIAL PERIOD	DAY/S	Negative Control	1000g / ton Sintacidomix
		NOT STRESSED	STRESSED
NUMBER OF BROILER CHICKEN	1	80	80
Mortality, removed	14	78 (2 died)	79 (1 died)
	34	74 (2 died, 2 low quality)	77 (2 died)
	42	74 (0)	76 (1 taken out)
TOTAL MORTALITY, REMOVED	1- 42	6 (7.5%)	4 (5.0 %)
AV ERAGE BODY WEIGHT (GRAM)	1	47.1	47.5
	14	382.7	400.5 (+17.8 g)
	34	2050.5	2060.2 (+ 9.7 g)
	42	2741.9	2776.1 (+ 34.2 g)
AVERAG FEED CONSUMPTION (GRAM)	1-14	545.3	544.8 (- 0.5 g)
	15-34	3136.3	3072.5 (-63.8 g)
	35- 42	1326.8	1338.3 (+11.5 g)
	1- 42	5008.4	4955.6 (- 52.8 g)
FEED CONVERSION FCR	1-14	1.63	1.54 (94.5 %)
	15-34	1.91	1.88 (98.4 %)
	35- 42	1.96	1.96 (100.0 %)
	1- 42	1.89	1.84 (97.4 %)
MOISTURE LITTER CONTENT (%)	42	51.7	51.7
EEF-European Efficiency Factor representing the Economical Benefits (Gram gained / Day x Survival rate / Conversion x10)		319	343 (107.5 %)



SINTACIDOMIX

Efficacy Test in Broilers

Perutnina Ptuj d.d.
and
Agricultural Faculty, Maribor



Sintacidomix

Efficacy Test in Broilers

Perutnina Ptuj d.d. and Agricultural Faculty, Maribor

Trial Design

DAYS FEED	0 – 10 Starter BRO-S	11 – 35 Grower BRO-G	36 – 42 Finisher BRO-F2
(A) Negative Control	zero	zero	zero
(B) Positive Control (Technological Additive-Preservative)	3.0 kg / ton feed	3.0 kg / ton feed	3.0 kg / ton feed
(C) Sintacidomix	2,0 kg / ton feed	1,0 kg / ton feed	0,5 kg / ton feed

Number of chicken per Group: 300

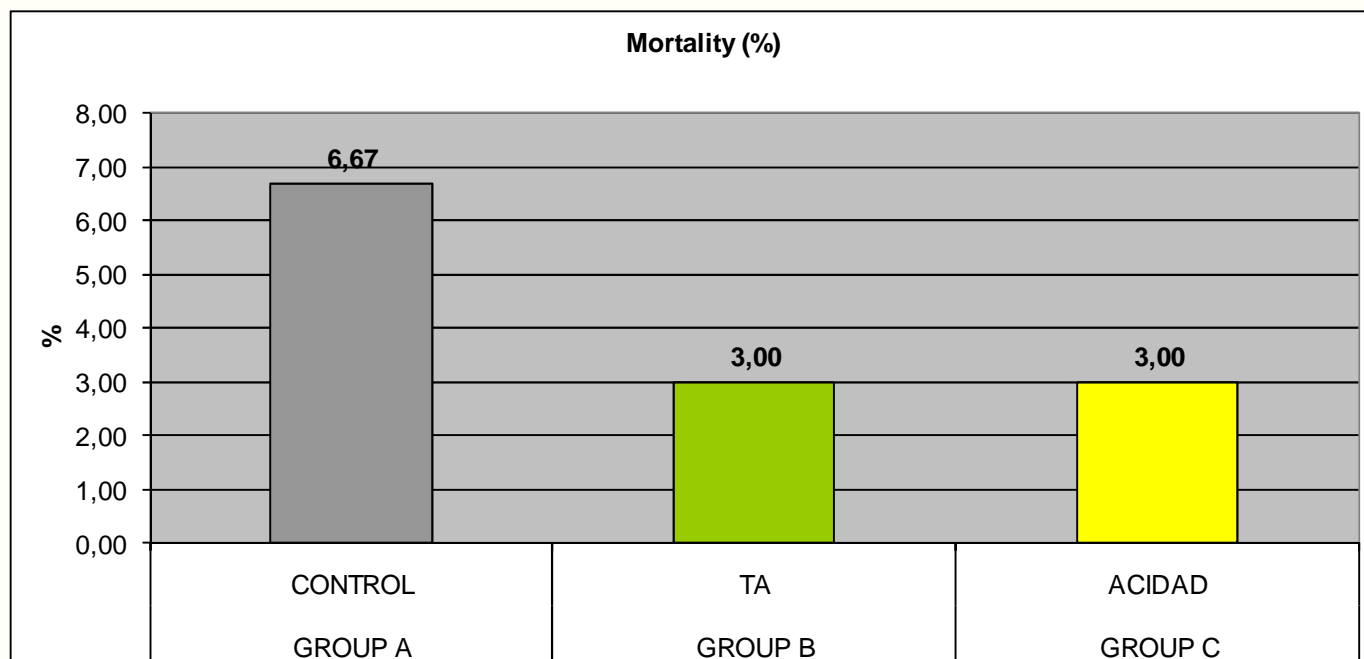




SINTACIDOMIX

Efficacy Test in Broiler - Perutnina Ptuj d.d. and Agricultural Faculty, Maribor

Mortality

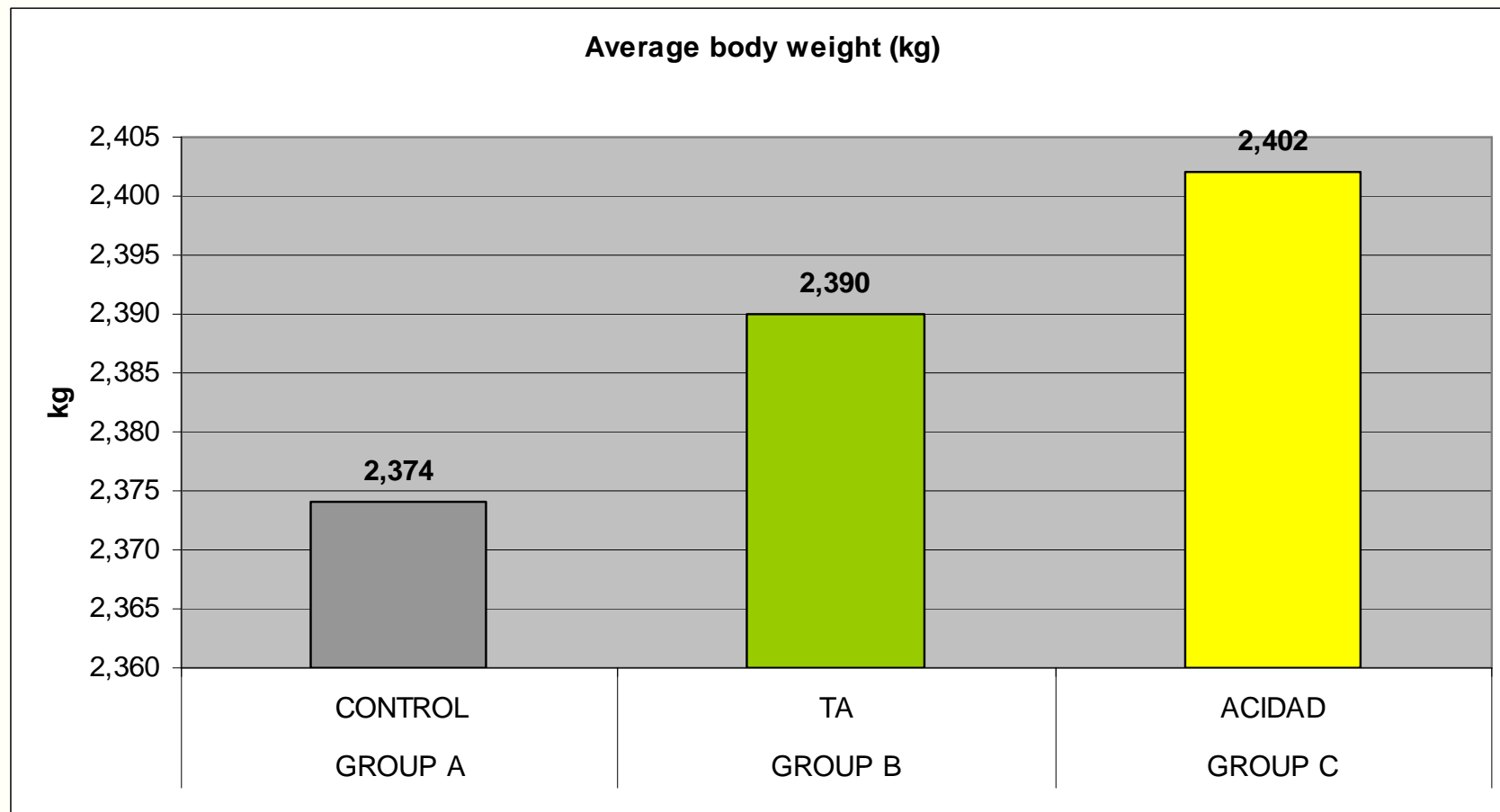


TA – technological additive - preservative

Sintacidomix

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Average body weight (kg)



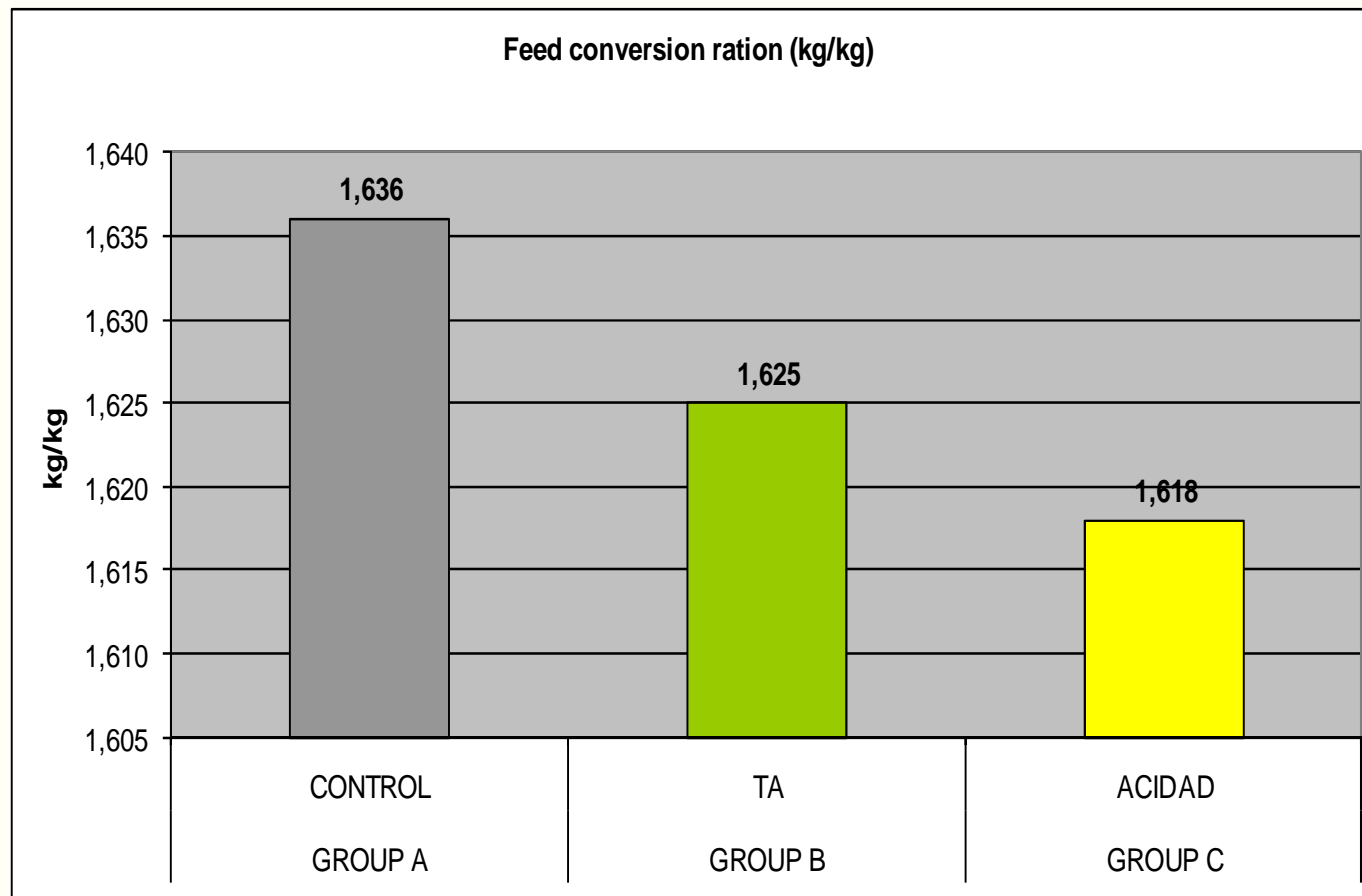
TA – technological additive - preservative



Sintacidomix

Efficacy Test in Broiler - Perutnina Ptuj d.d. and Agricultural Faculty Maribor

Feed conversion ratio (kg/kg)

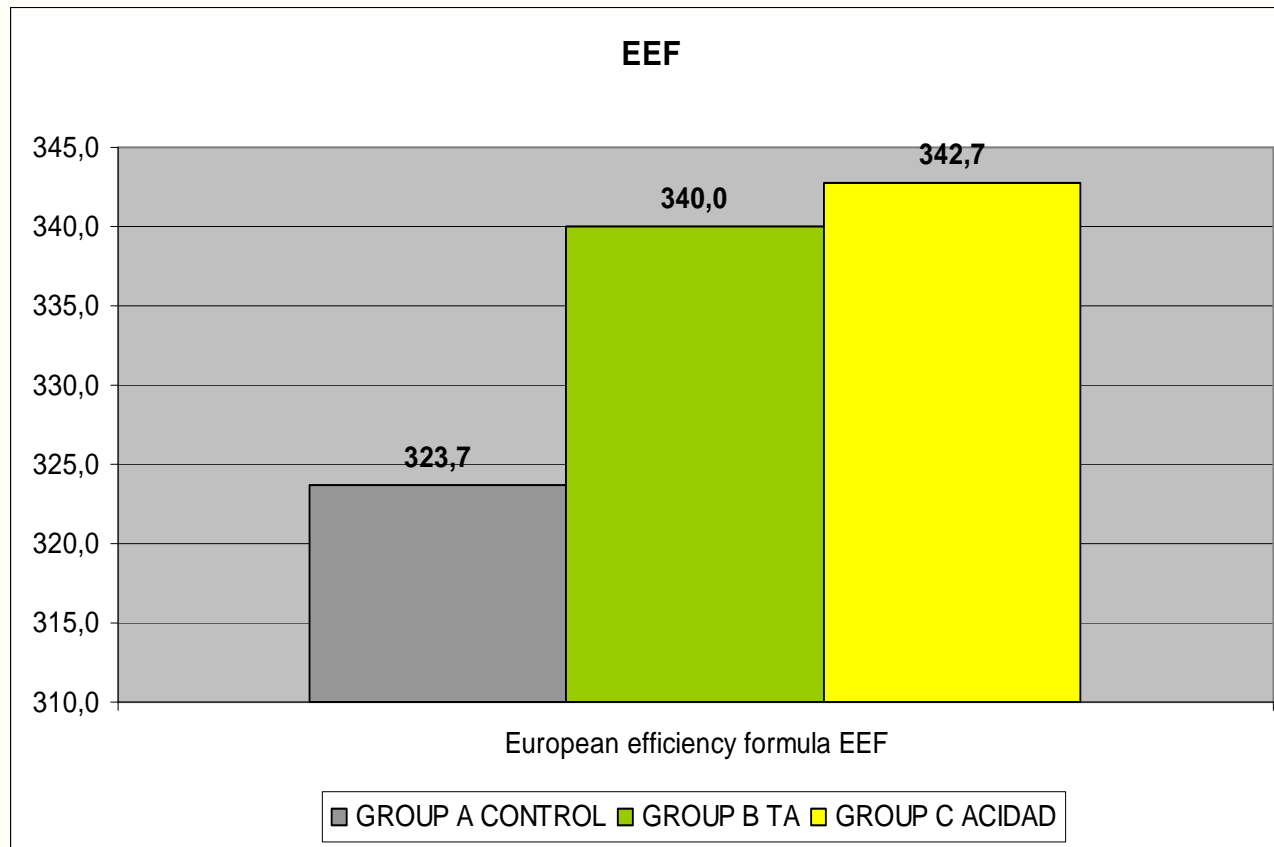


TA – technological additive - preservative

Sintacidomix



Efficacy Test in Broiler - Perutnina Ptuj d.d. and Agricultural Faculty, Maribor
European Efficiency Factor EEF



TA – technological additive - preservative

SINTACIDOMIX

in Broiler ChickenField Trial

Initiated by: Feed Mill DOVAINONIU PAUKSTYNAS,
LT 56332 Dovainonys Kaisiadorys District, Lithuania

Responsible: Darius Svaldenis - Feed Production Manager, supported
by UAB ALGOL Chemicals, Lithuania



Sintacidomix in Broiler Chicken - Field Trial

Animal Species: Broiler Chicken

Trial Design: House to House Comparison

Trial duration: 42 Days

Treatments: House 1: Acidifier (combination of ORGANIC AND INORGANIC ACID)
2.500 g per ton of feed *

House 2 :SINTACIDOMIX GRANULATED
1000 g per ton of feed

Parameter: Number of birds at trial start, mortality, number of birds at trial end, final weight, feed consumption, feed conversion


*) Commercial Acidifier was used by the feed mill.





Sintacidomix in Broiler Chicken

PRODUCT		Positive Control (Acidifier)	Sintacidomix
Dosage per ton of feed		2.500 g	1.000 g
Number of Chicken	Trial Start	26.500	19.758
	Trial End (42 Days)	25.185	18.951
MORTALITY	absolut	1.315	807
	relativ	4,96 %	4,08 %
Final Weight	kg	60.695,85	45.861,42
Average Body Weight / Chicken	absolut	2,41 kg	2,42 kg
	relativ	(100 %)	(100,4 %)
Increased meat production based on number of chicken in the positive group (25.185)			+ 252 kg
Feed Consumption		112,92 tons	82,63 tons
Feed Conversion Ratio (FCR)	absolut	1,86	1,80
	relativ	(100 %)	(96,8 %)
Investment for SINTACIDOMIX per ton of feed in % compared to investment for the acidifier used in the Control Group (calculated by Farm Management)		(100 %)	(91 %)



**Trial Results with
SINTACIDOMIX**

**PIGLETS
SWINE FATTENING**

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Effect of SINTACIDOMIX
on the performance of piglets tested
on a swine farm in the Czech Republic



The effect of SINTACIDOMIX on the performance of piglets tested on a swine farm in the Czech Republic

Responsible: Dr. Michal Chalupa, company Cyprexa

Trial duration: 56 Days

Tested feed additives:

GROUP I: Negative Control - Starter feed

GROUP II: Positive control - Starter feed with 30 kg/ton linseed (contains higher levels of short chain omega 3 fatty acids)

GROUP III: Positive Control - Starter feed with 2,5 kg Progat a combination of brewery yeast, Ca, Na, P and different amino acids.

GROUP IV: Sintacidomix- Starter feed with 3 kg TON

Number of piglets per trial group (trial start): 80

Feed: Commercial starter feed used by the farm.

Parameter: Body weight, mortality and eliminated piglets, feed consumption, feed conversion ratio (FCR), economical calculation (feed cost per kg gain).



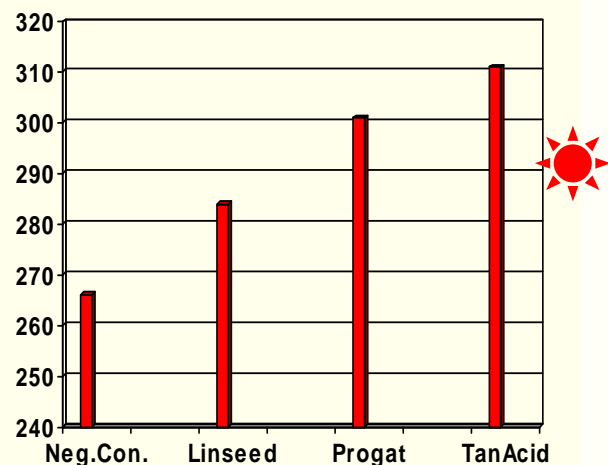
The effect of Sintacidomix on the performance of piglets tested on a Swine Farm in the Czech Republic

Parameter	Neg. Control	Linseed 30 kg/t	Comb. of yeast, amino acids etc.	Sintacidomix 3 kg / ton
Number of piglets at trial start	80	80	80	80
Number of piglets at trial end	73	73	74	70
Removed piglets	Mortality	4	3	4
	Runts	3	4	2
	<u>Total</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>
Av. body weight at trial start (kg)	6,23	6,26	6,63	6,88
	(100)	(100,5)	(106,4)	(110,4)
Av. Body weight at trial end (kg)	21,10	22,19	23,51	24,29
	(100)	(105,2)	111,4)	(115,1)
Duration: 56 Days				
Av. daily weigh gain (g)	266	284	301	311
(%)	(100)	(106,8)	(113,2)	(116,9)
Av.daily feed intake/piglet/day (g)	526	526	579	548
(%)	(100)	(100,0)	(110,0)	(104,3)
Feed Conversion Ratio (kg feed per 1 kg gain)	1,98	1,85	1,92	1,76
FCR (%)	(100)	((93,4)	(97,0)	(88,9)
Feed cost per kg gain (€)	0,6308	0,5988	0,6261	0,5586
(%)	(100)	(94,9)	(99,3)	(88,6)

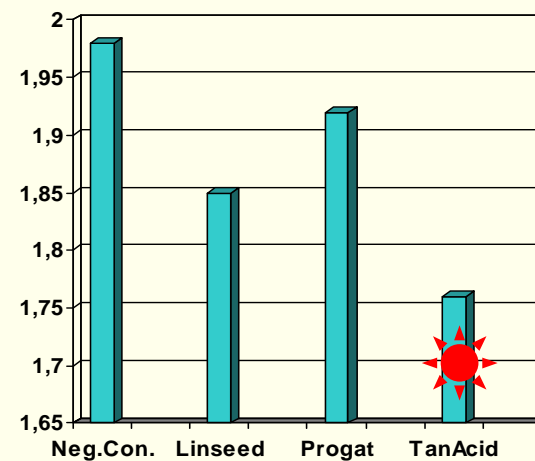


Effect of Sintacidomix on the performance of piglets tested on a swine farm in the Czech Republic

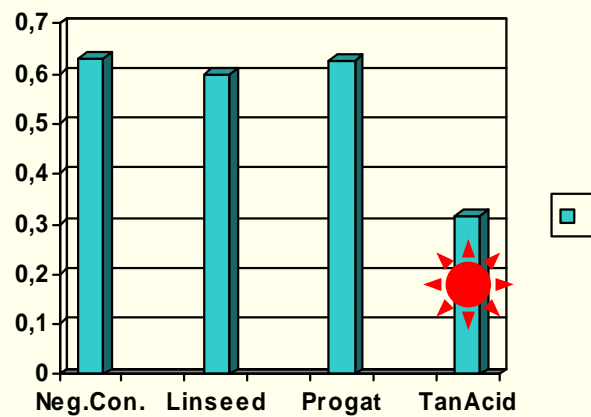
DAILY WEIGHT GAIN IN GRAM



FEED CONVERSION RATIO



FEED COST PER KG GAIN IN €



SINTOFARM

Efficacy of SINTACIDOMIX in weaned piglets

Prof. Dr. Jordanov, Dr .K. Gantchev, Dr. D. Dimitrov
Dr. G. Dimitrov, A. Dimitrova

Farm „Silva“, L. Karavelovo, near Varna, Bulgaria
Date November 2006 till February 2007



Efficacy of Sintacidomix in weaned piglets tested under field condition

TRIAL DESIGN: (Piglets weaned at day 32 = 1st Trial Day)

Trial Groups	Number of piglets	Application in Days (via Feed)	Feed	Feed Additives in Gram per Ton of Feed
Control	94	Day 1-15 (15 Days) Day 16-35 (20 Days) Day 36-55 (20 Days)	Starter X-12 Starter X-12 Grower X-14	1.700 g Colistin 1.700 g Colistin zero
Trial Group	94	Day 1-15 Day 16-35 Day 36-55	Starter X-12 Starter X-12 Grower X-14	1.700 g Colistin 3.000 g Sintacidomix 1.500 g Sintacidomix



Efficacy of Sintacidomix in weaned piglets tested under farm (field) condition

RESULTS

Parameter		Positive Control	Sintacidomix
Day 1-15		1.700 g/t Colistin	1.700 g / T Colistin
Day 16-35		1.700 g/t Colistin	3.000 g / t Sintacidomix
Day 36-55		ZERO	1.500 g / t Sintacidomix
Number of piglets at trial start		94 (12 pens)	98 (12 pens)
Av. Weight at trial start	kg	8.09	7.96
	%	(100)	(98.4)
Av. Weight at trial end	kg	32.26	34.79
	%	(100)	(107.8)
Av. Growth	kg	24.17	26.83
	%	(100)	(111.0)
Av. Daily Weigh Gain	g	439	488
	%	(100)	(111.0)
Av. Feed Consumption	kg	57.5	59.00
	%	(100)	(102.6)
Feed conversion	FCR	2.38	2,20
	%	(100)	(92.4)
Mortality (slaughtered runts included)	abs.	8	3
	%	(100)	(37.5)



Benefits using SINTACIDOMIX in diets for growing and fattening pigs

Prof. Dr. György Paszthy PhD

Agricultural University of West Hungary
Mosonmagyaróvár



BENEFITS USING **SINTACIDOMIX** IN DIETS FOR GROWING AND FATTENING PIGS



Prof. Dr. Gyögy Paszthy PhD

EXPERIMENT

Trial Start:	03.09.2007. Immediately after weaning (Day 28 of life)
Trial duration:	147 Days, corresponding with 175 days of life
Breed:	Landrace x Hungarian Large White, F1, Sex 1:1
Trial Groups:	SINTACIDOMIX was tested against a Negative Control
Number of piglets/pigs:	Negative Control Group: 69, Acidad / TanAcid: 68
Housing:	From weaning for 33 days on flat deck (Lagoon System), then moved to the fatteninghouse kept in pens (8-10 animals per pen). Floor from bitumina without litter
Feeding Program & System:	First 16 days Pre-Starter followed by Early Grower for 52 days, after that for 79 days feed for fattening On flat decks dry feed (<i>ad libitum</i>), pigs kept in pens received liquid feed also <i>ad libitum</i> . Water supply in both keeping systems via hydro valves.
Usage of SINTACIDOMIX:	Pre-Starter: 2,5 kg / ton of feed Early Grower: 2,5 kg / ton of feed Fattening: 1,5 kg / ton of feed
Parameter:	Body weight (4 x weighing) and av. daily weight gain (3 periods and total), feed conversion (full trial period), health status (diarrhoea score), mortality. Statistical evaluation: Av. weight and deviation from average (SD-Standard deviation), T-test with 2 samples for non-equivalent mean-square deviation.



Table 1

AVERAGE BODY WEIGHT

		Negative Control	SINTACIDOMIX
Number of piglets at trial start		69	68
Trial start	kg	8,65 S.D. 0,85	8,31 S.D. 1,75
Day 28 (weaning)	(%)	(100)	(96,0)
Day 59 of life	kg	17,94 S.D. 3,14	18,07 S.D. 4,38
	(%)	(100)	(100,7)
Day 98 of life	kg	41,15 S.D. 5,84	42,35 S.D. 5,35
	(%)	(100)	(102,9) P<0,05
Day 175 of life	kg	96,62 S.D. 15,28	98,56 S.D. 13,84
	(%)	(100)	(102,0)

BODY WEIGHT OF THE PIGLETS / PIGS IN THE
SINTACIDOMIX GROUP COMPARED TO NEGATIVE CONTROL (in %)

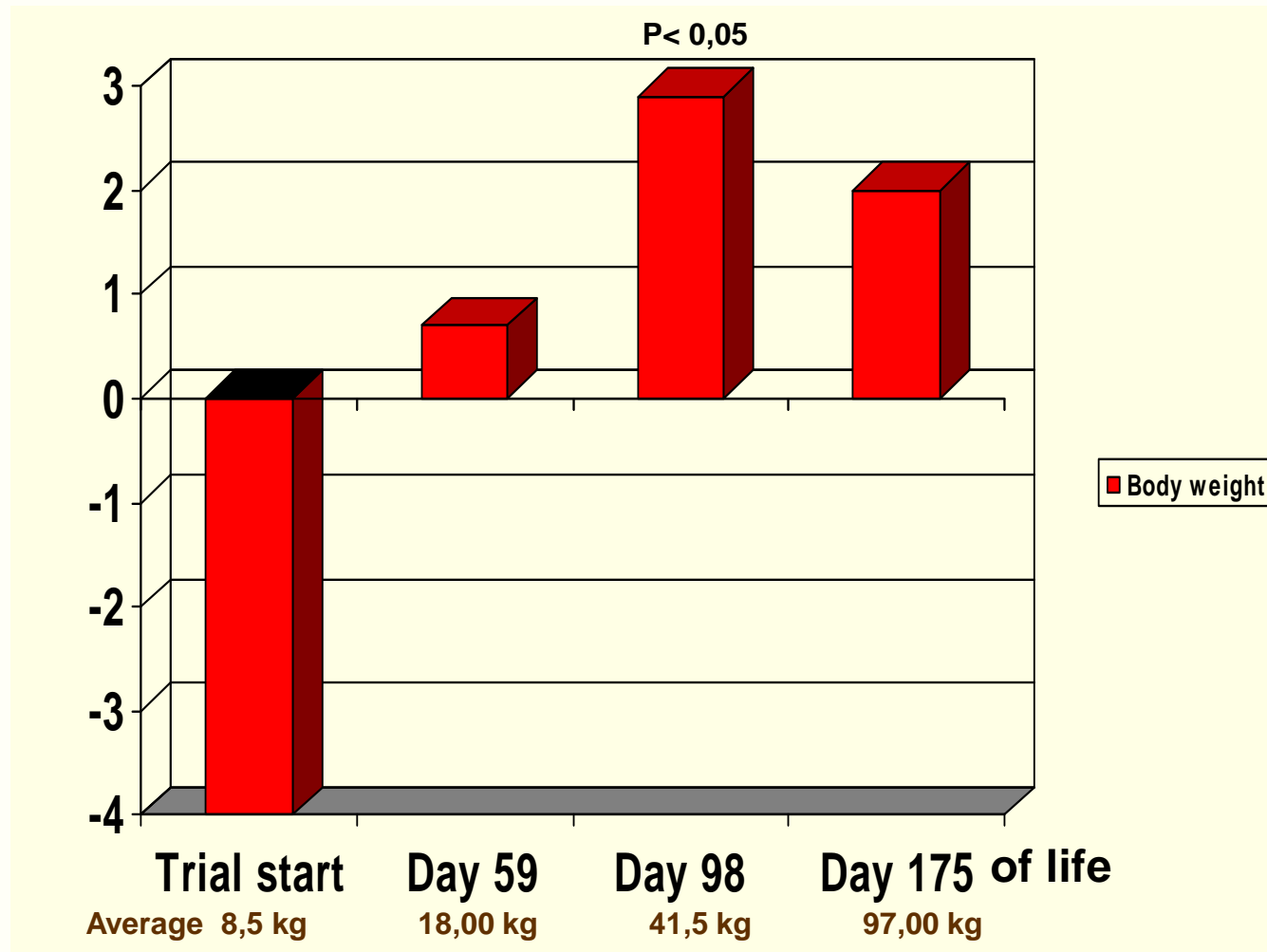
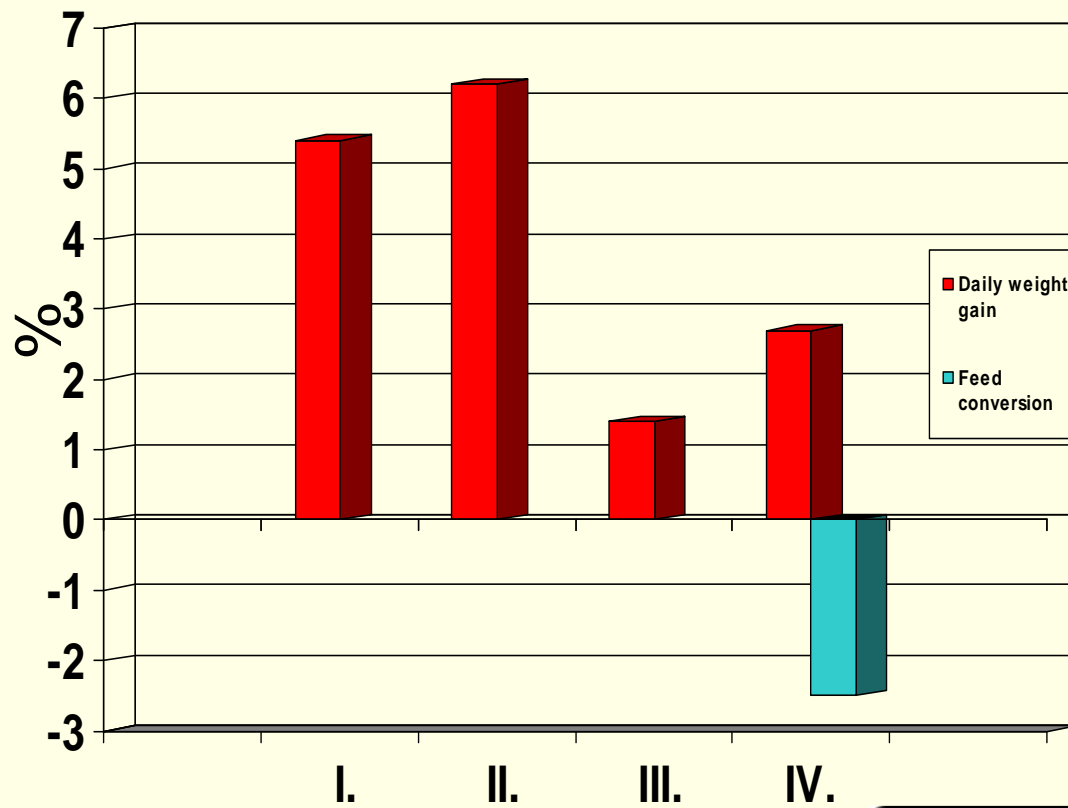




Table 2 AVERAGE DAILY WEIGHT GAIN

		Negative Control	SINTACIDOMIX
Number of piglets at trial start		69	68
Trial start (weaning day 28) till day 59 of life	g (%)	299 (100)	315 (105,4)
Day 60 till day 98 of life	g (%)	595 (100)	623 (106,2)
Day 99 till day 175	g (%)	720 (100)	730 (101,4)
<hr/>			
Trial start (weaning day 28) till day 175 of life	g (%)	598 (100)	614 (102,7)
Feed Conversion Ratio	FCR	3,18	3,10
Trial start (weaning day 28) till day 175 of life	(%)	(100)	(97,5)

AVERAGE DAILY WEIGHT GAIN AND FEED
CONVERSION OF **SINTACIDOMIX** COMPARED TO NEG.
CONTROL IN %



Daily weight gain:

I: Weaning till day 59

II. Day 60 till day 98

III. Day 99 till day 175

IV. Red: Weaning till day 175

Blue: Feed conversion:

Weaning till day 175





Table 3

MORTALITY

	Negative Control	SINTACIDOMIX
Number of piglets at trial start	69	68
MORTALITY		
Trial start (weaning day 28) till day 58 of life	1	0
Day 59 till day 97 of life	3	1
Day 98 till day 175	4	3
TOTAL MORTALITY	8	4
ABS. (%)	(11,6)	(5,9%)
Reason of Mortality	Primary reason for mortality was SWINE DYSENTERY resulting in emaciation	
Bodymass losses due to mortality	237	83
	kg	
Other observation	Diarrhoea during week 6 to 10 mainly in the neg. control group. During this (stress) period faeces in the Sintacidomix group smelled less unpleasant, were better shaped and homogenous.	

Influence of SINTACIDOMIX on growth of growing and fattening pigs

Skorjanc et al.

University of Maribor - Faculty of Agriculture, Slovenia



Influence of SINTACIDOMIX on growth of growing and fattening pigs

Farm: Company PANVITA, Slovenia, located near Murska Sobota

Therefore the feed consumption could be recorded only for the total groups.

The trial started after weaning and was finished after the pigs reached the under practical conditions in Slovenia requested slaughter weight.

Tested feed additives:

Positive Control:

Combination of Formic-,and Lactic acid*). The farm used this acidifier up to approx. 30 kg body weight. No performance enhancer was used during the fattening period.

Dosage per ton of feed (same amount as under practical conditions): Pre-Starter: 6,5 kg, Starter: 6,0 kg, Grower: 4,0 kg

Trial Group: SINTACIDOMIX

Dosage per ton of feed: Pre-Starter: 3,5 kg, Starter:3,0 kg. Grower: 2,0 kg, Fattening up to slaughter: 1,5 kg

Number of animals per trial group: Control Group: 167, Sintacidomix : 168 (Sex in each group: ~ 1:1)

Feed: Commercial feed.

Parameter: Body weight, health status, mortality, carcass quality.

Statistical evaluation: Growth and daily weight gain per feeding period (individual weighing), mortality, carcass quality, standardization of pig development (how many days needed to reach the same body weight).

Mortality: Full trial period from weaning till slaughter: **Control group: 9,5 %, Sintacidomix: 6,6 %**

*) Trademark and content of acids known



Table 1 Development of piglets and fattening pigs receiving SINTACIDOMIX applied via feed from weaning till slaughter. Comparison to results of a commercial acidifier

Feed		Pos./Neg. Control 167 piglets at trial start	Sintacidomix 168 piglets at trial start
Pre-Starter PKP 12 Days	Dosage/ton feed Initial weight day 23 Body weight day 35	6,5 kg 7,16 kg (100 %) 9,06 kg (100 %)	3,5 kg 7,3 (102,0 %) 9,08 kg (100,2 %) ..
Starter PKP 14 Days	Dosage/ton feed Body weight day 49	6,0 kg 13,54 kg (100 %)	3,0 kg 13,57 kg (100,2 %)
Grower PKP 33 Days	Dosage/ton feed Body weight day 82	4,0 kg 30,33 kg (100 %)	2,0 kg 31,24 kg (103,0 %) + 0,91 kg
Fattening I BEK 25 45 Days	Dosage/ton feed Body weight day 127	---- 62,73 kg (100 %)	1,5 kg 66,32 kg P<0,001 (105,7 %) + 3,59 kg
Fattening II BEK 60 41 Days	Dosage/ton feed Body weight day 168	---- 96,09 kg (100 %)	1,5 kg 100,8 kg P<0,001 (104,9 %) + 4,71 kg
Fattening III BEK 90 27 Days	Dosage/ton feed Body weight day 195	--- 117,0 kg (100 %)	1,5 kg 120,0 kg P<0,05 (102,6 %) + 3,00 kg)



Graph 1 Development of piglets and fattening pigs receiving SINTACIDOMIX applied via feed from weaning till slaughter. Comparison to results of a commercial acidifier

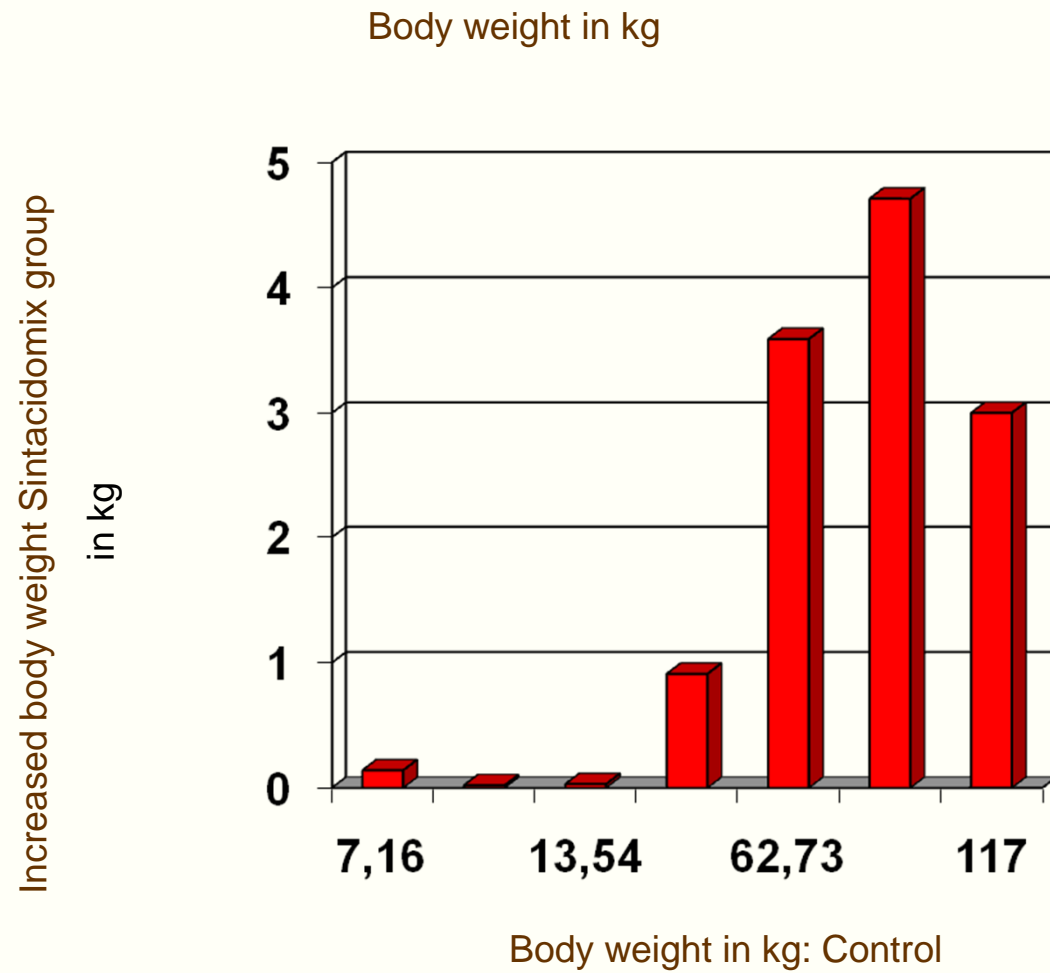


Table 2 Development of piglets and fattening pigs receiving Sintacidomix applied via feed from weaning till slaughter. Comparison to results of a commercial acidifier

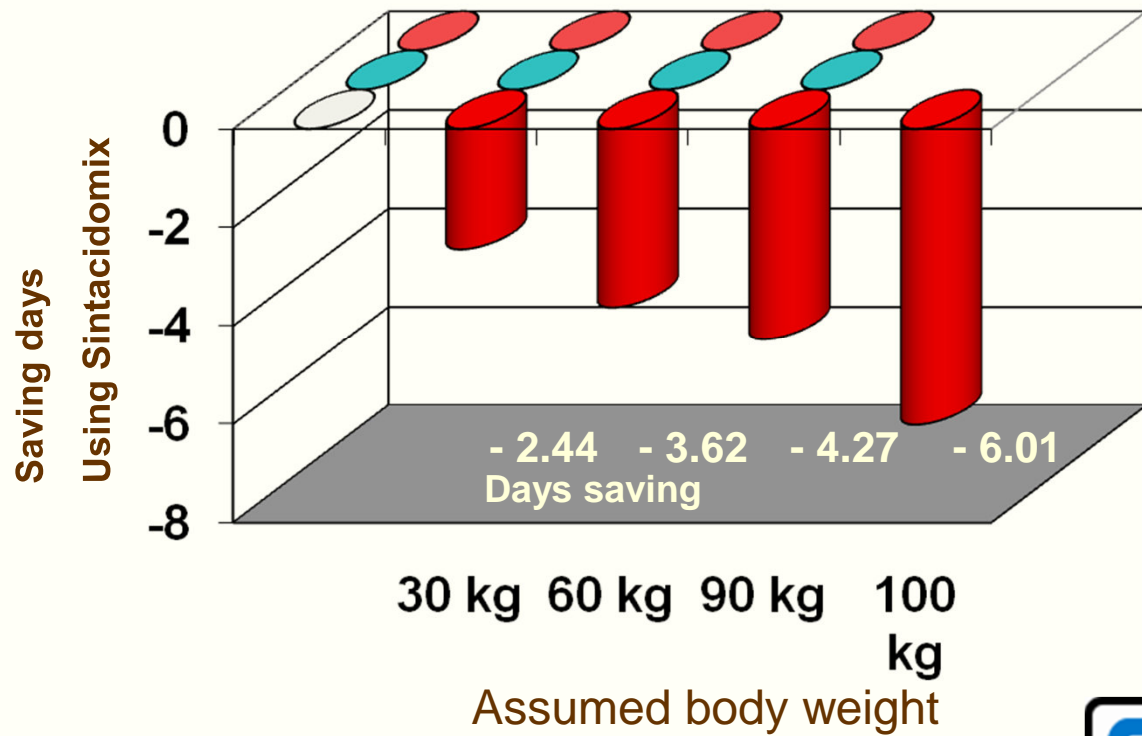
DAILY WEIHT GAIN (in g)

Feed		Individual growing / fattening periods		Cummulative	
		Control	Sintacidomix	Pos. / Neg. Control	Sintacidomix
Pre-Starter PKP 12 Days	Day 23 to 35	158 (100 %)	148 (93.7 %)	158 (100 %)	148 (93.7 %)
Starter PKP 14 Days	Day 35 to 49 Day 1 to 49	324 (100 %)	320 (98,8 %)	245 (100 %)	241 (98,4 %)
Grower PKP 33 Days	Day 49 to 82 Day 1 to 82	511 (100 %)	535 (104,7 %)	392 (100 %)	407 (103,8 %)
Fattening I BEK 25 45 Days	Day 82 to 127 Day 1 to 127	720 (100 %)	780 (108,3 %)	534 (100 %)	568 (106,4 %)
Fattening II BEK 60 41 Days	Day 127 to 168 Day 1 to 168	814 (100 %)	840 (103,2 %)	612 (100 %)	647 (105,7 %)
Fattening III BEK 90 27 Days	Day 168 to 195 Day 1 to 195	771 (100 %)	707 (91,7 %)	637 (100 %)	655 (102,8 %)



Graph 2 Performance of Sintacidomix (applied in feed during the full fattening period) compared to the results of a commercial acidifier (used up to 30 kg body weight)

Body weight **adapted** to same age





Sintacidomix does
support **EUBIOSIS**.

This is not **MAGIC** it`s a
given **FACT!**

Thank You very much for
Your attention!

SINTOFARM